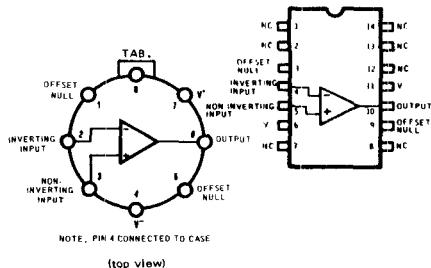


high performance operational amplifier

STANDARD TEMPERATURE RANGE, 0°C + 70°C

- No frequency compensation required
- Short-circuit protection
- Offset voltage null capability
- Large Common-Mode and differential voltage ranges
- Low power consumption
- No latch up

CONNECTION DIAGRAM



The L 141 is a high performance monolithic operational amplifier constructed on a single silicon chip, using the Planar epitaxial process. It is intended for a wide range of analog applications. High common mode voltage range and absence of "latch-up" tendencies make the L 141 ideal for use as a voltage follower. The high gain and wide range of operating voltages provide superior performance in integrator, summing amplifier, and general feedback applications. The L 141 is short-circuit protected, has the same pin configuration as the popular μA709 operational amplifier, but requires no external components for frequency compensation. The internal 6dB/octave roll-off insures stability in closed loop applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

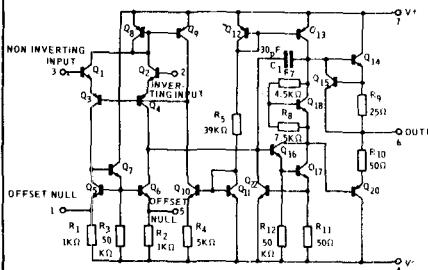
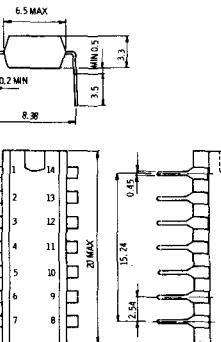
(above which the useful life may be impaired)

Supply Voltage	± 18 V
Internal Power Dissipation	500 mW
Differential Input Voltage	± 30 V
Input Voltage (1)	± 15 V
Storage Temperature Range	- 65°C to + 150°C
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to + 70°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec)	300°C
Output Short-Circuit Duration (2)	Indefinite

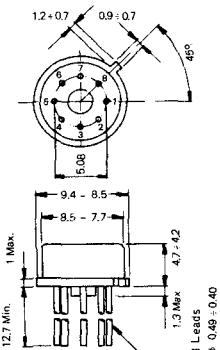
Notes :

- 1) For supply voltages less than ± 15 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
- 2) Short circuit may be to ground or either supply.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS
14-pin plastic DIP

Note : all dimensions in mm.

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS
similar to
Jedec TO 99 outline

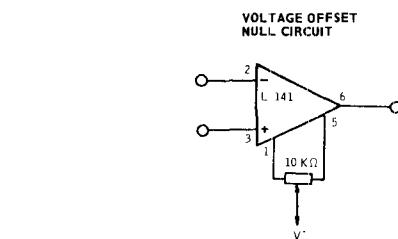
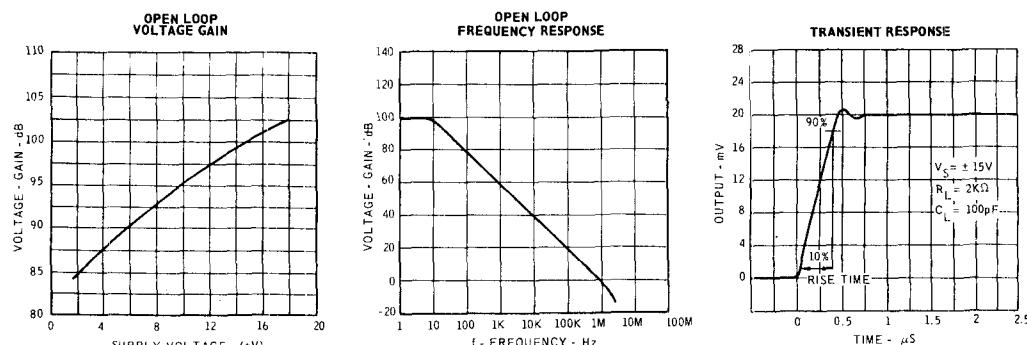
Notes: All dimensions in mm.

ORDERING NUMBER

L141 B1 (for TO116 package)
L141 T1 (for TO 99 package)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_S = \pm 15$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	2	6		mV
Input Offset Current		30	200		nA
Input Bias Current		200	500		nA
Input Resistance		0.3	1		MΩ
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega, V_{\text{OUT}} = \pm 10 \text{ V}$	20 000	100 000		
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L \geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	±12	±14		V
	$R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	±10	±13		V
Input Voltage Range		±12	±13		V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	30	150		µV/V
Power Consumption		50	85		mW
Transient Response (unity gain)	$V_{\text{in}} = 20 \text{ mV}, R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C_L \leq 100 \text{ pF}$				
Risetime		0.3			µs
Overshoot		5			%
Slew Rate (unity gain)	$R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.5			V/µs
The following specifications apply for $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ\text{C}$:					
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		7.5		mV
Input Offset Current		300			nA
Input Bias Current		800			nA
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega, V_{\text{OUT}} = \pm 10 \text{ V}$	15,000			
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L \geq 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	±10			V

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

TRANSIENT RESPONSE TEST CIRCUIT

