DISCRETE SEMICONDUCTORS

DATA SHEET

BLW85HF/VHF power transistor

Product specification

March 1993





BLW85

DESCRIPTION

N-P-N silicon planar epitaxial transistor intended for use in class-A, B and C operated mobile h.f. and v.h.f. transmitters with a nominal supply voltage of 12,5 V. The transistor is resistance stabilized and is guaranteed to withstand severe load mismatch conditions with a supply over-voltage to 16,5 V.

Matched h_{FE} groups are available on request.

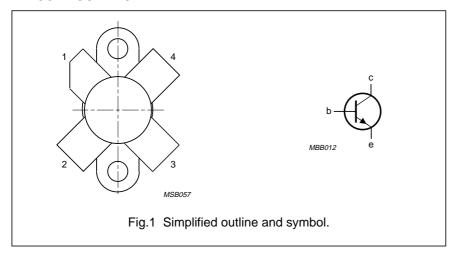
It has a 3/8" flange envelope with a ceramic cap. All leads are isolated from the flange.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

R.F. performance up to $T_h = 25$ °C

MODE OF OPERATION	V _{CE}	f MHz	P _L W	G _p dB	η %	$\bar{\mathbf{z}_i}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}_{\mathbf{L}}$ Ω	d ₃ dB
c.w. (class-B)	12,5	175	45	> 4,5	> 75	1,4 + j1,5	2,7-j1,3	_
s.s.b. (class-AB)	12,5	1,6–28	3-30 (P.E.P.)	typ. 19,5	typ. 35	_	_	typ33

PIN CONFIGURATION



PINNING - SOT123

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	collector
2	emitter
3	base
4	emitter

PRODUCT SAFETY This device incorporates beryllium oxide, the dust of which is toxic. The device is entirely safe provided that the BeO disc is not damaged.

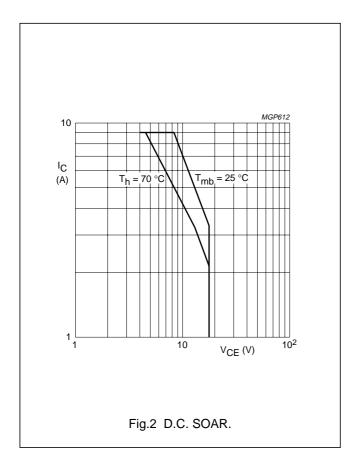
BLW85

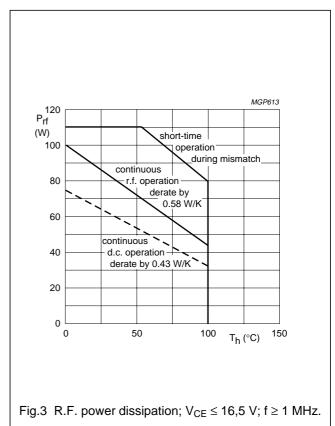
RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage $(V_{BE} = 0)$

peak value	V_{CESM}	max.	36	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	16	V
Emitter-base voltage (open-collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	4	V
Collector current (average)	$I_{C(AV)}$	max.	9	Α
Collector current (peak value); f > 1 MHz	I _{CM}	max.	22	Α
R.F. power dissipation up to (f > 1 MHz); $T_{mb} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{rf}	max.	105	W
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	–65 to	+ 150	°С
Operating junction temperature	T_j	max.	200	°C





THERMAL RESISTANCE

(dissipation = 30 W; T_{mb} = 79 °C, i.e. T_h = 70 °C)

From junction to mounting base (d.c. dissipation)

From junction to mounting base (r.f. dissipation)

From mounting base to heatsink

 $\begin{array}{lll} R_{th \ j\text{-mb(dc)}} & = & 2,5 & \text{K/W} \\ R_{th \ j\text{-mb(rf)}} & = & 1,8 & \text{K/W} \\ R_{th \ mb\text{-}h} & = & 0,3 & \text{K/W} \end{array}$

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85

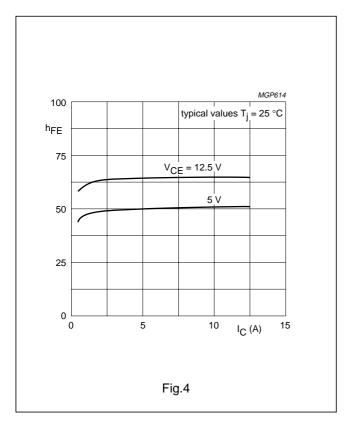
CHARACTERISTICS $T_{i} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$				
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
$V_{BE} = 0$; $I_{C} = 50 \text{ mA}$	V _{(BR) CES}	>	36	V
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	,			
open base; I _C = 100 mA	V _{(BR) CEO}	>	16	V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage				
open collector; I _E = 25 mA	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	>	4	V
Collector cut-off current				
$V_{BE} = 0; V_{CE} = 18 \text{ V}$	I _{CES}	<	25	mA
Second breakdown energy; L = 25 mH; f = 50 Hz				
open base	E _{SBO}	>	8	mJ
$R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$	E _{SBR}	>	8	mJ
D.C. current gain ⁽¹⁾		typ.	50	
$I_C = 4 A; V_{CE} = 5 V$	h _{FE}	10 t	o 80	
D.C. current gain ratio of matched devices ⁽¹⁾				
$I_C = 4 A; V_{CE} = 5 V$	h _{FE1} /h _{FE2}	<	1,2	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage ⁽¹⁾				
$I_C = 12,5 \text{ A}; I_B = 2,5 \text{ A}$	V_{CEsat}	typ.	1,5	V
Transition frequency at f = 100 MHz ⁽¹⁾				
$-I_E = 4 \text{ A}; V_{CB} = 12,5 \text{ V}$	f_{T}	typ.	650	MHz
$-I_E = 12,5 \text{ A}; V_{CB} = 12,5 \text{ V}$	f_{T}	typ.	600	MHz
Collector capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
$I_E = I_e = 0; V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$	C _c	typ.	120	pF
Feedback capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
$I_C = 200 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$	C_re	typ.	82	pF
Collector-flange capacitance	C_{cf}	typ.	2	pF

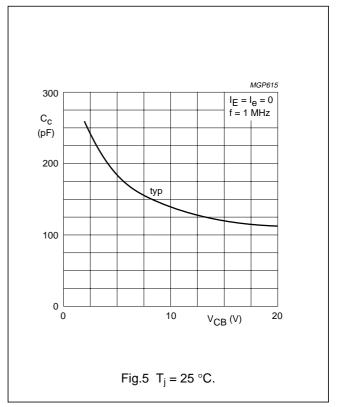
Note

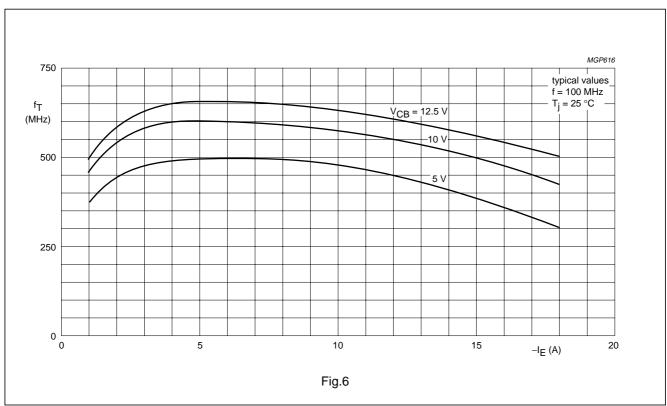
^{1.} Measured under pulse conditions: $t_p \leq 200~\mu s;~\delta \leq 0{,}02.$

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85







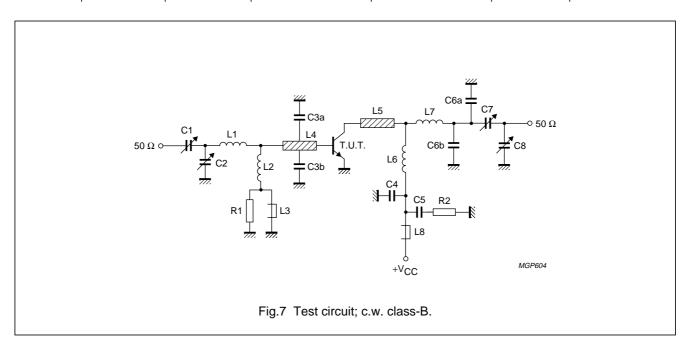
HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85

APPLICATION INFORMATION

R.F. performance in c.w. operation (unneutralized common-emitter class-B circuit); $T_h = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$

f (MHz)	V _{CE} (V)	P _L (W)	P _S (W)	G _p (dB)	I _C (A)	η (%)	$\bar{z}_{i}(\Omega)$	\overline{Z}_{L} (Ω)
175	12,5	45	< 16	> 4,5	< 4,8	> 75	1,4 + j1,5	2,7 – j1,3
175	13,5	45	_	typ. 6,0	_	typ. 75	_	_



List of components:

C1 = 2,5 to 20 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07004)

C2 = C8 = 4 to 40 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07008)

C3a = C3b = 47 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C4 = 120 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C5 = 100 nF polyester capacitor

C6a = C6b = 8,2 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C7 = 5 to 60 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07011)

L1 = 1 turn Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; leads 2×5 mm

L2 = 100 nH; 7 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (0,5 mm); int. dia. 3 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm

L3 = L8 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)

L4 = L5 = strip (12 mm \times 6 mm); taps for C3a and C3b at 5 mm from transistor

L6 = 2 turns enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 5,0 mm; length 6,0 mm; leads 2×5 mm

L7 = 2 turns enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 4,5 mm; length 6,0 mm; leads 2×5 mm

L4 and L5 are strips on a double Cu-clad printed-circuit board with epoxy fibre-glass dielectric, thickness 1/16".

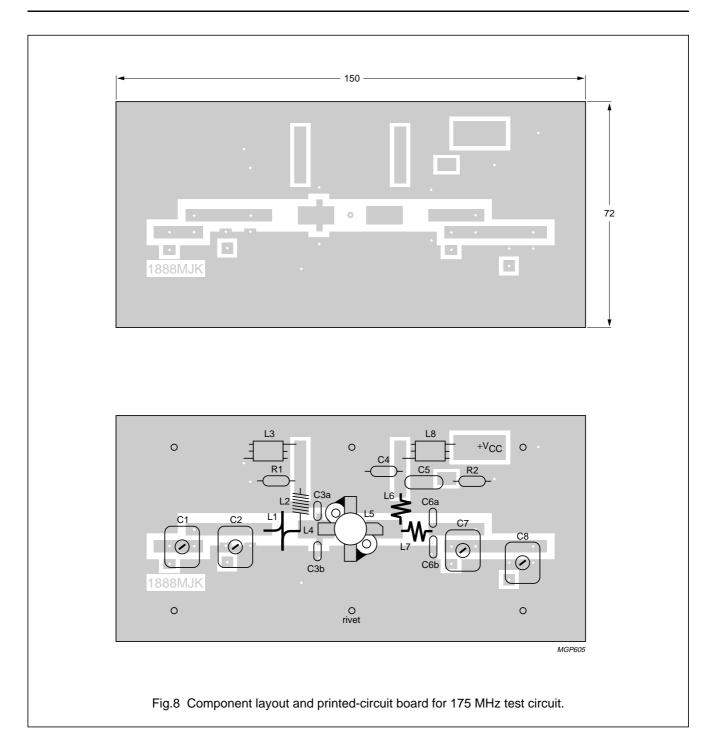
R1 = $10 \Omega (\pm 10\%)$ carbon resistor (0,25 W)

R2 = $4.7 \Omega (\pm 5\%)$ carbon resistor (0,25 W)

Component layout and printed-circuit board for 175 MHz test circuit are shown in Fig.8.

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85

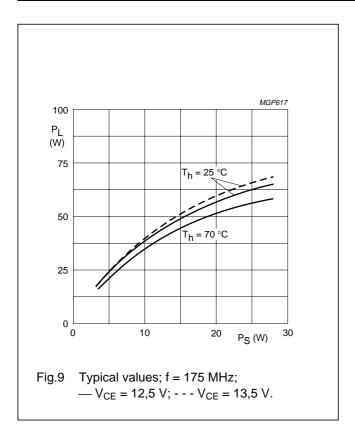


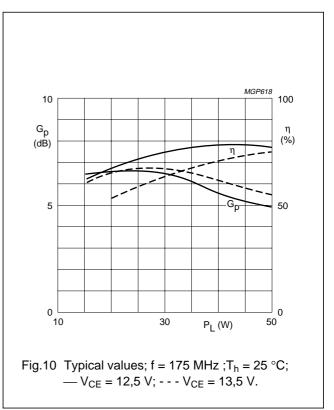
The circuit and the components are situated on one side of the epoxy fibre-glass board, the other side being fully metallized to serve as earth. Earth connections are made by means of hollow rivets, whilst under the emitter leads Cu straps are used for a direct contact between upper and lower sheets.

To minimize the dielectric losses, the ground plane under the interconnection of L7 and C7 has been removed.

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85





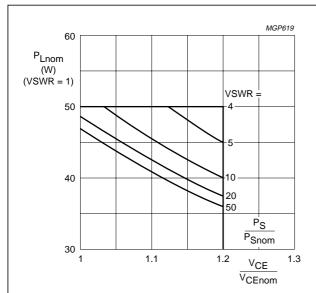


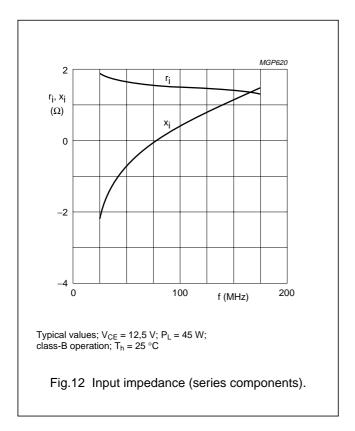
Fig.11 R.F. SOAR; (short-time operation during mismatch); f = 175 MHz; T_h = 70 °C; $R_{th\ mb-h}$ = 0,3 K/W; V_{CEnom} = 12,5 V or 13,5 V; P_S = P_{Snom} at V_{CEnom} and VSWR =1 measured in the circuit of Fig.7.

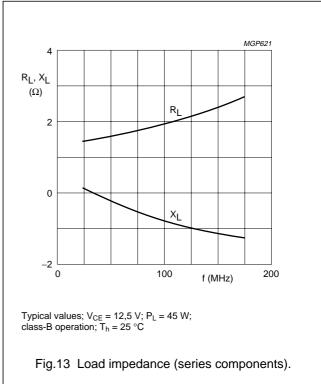
The transistor has been developed for use with unstabilized supply voltages. As the output power and drive power increase with the supply voltage, the nominal output power must be derated in accordance with the graph for safe operation at supply voltages other than the nominal. The graph shows the permissible output power under nominal conditions (VSWR = 1), as a function of the expected supply over-voltage ratio with VSWR as parameter.

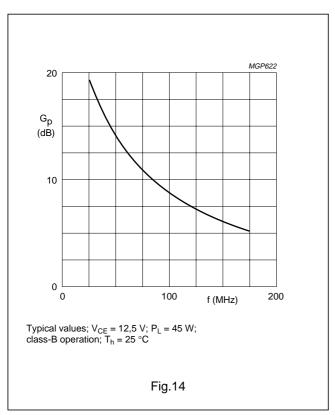
The graph applies to the situation in which the drive (P_S/P_{Snom}) increases linearly with supply over-voltage ratio.

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85







HF/VHF power transistor

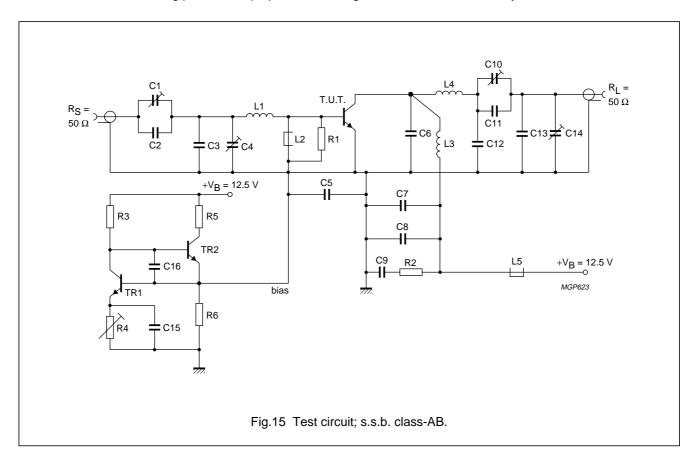
BLW85

R.F. performance in s.s.b. class-AB operation V_{CE} = 12,5 V; T_h up to 25 °C; $R_{th\ mb-h} \le 0,3$ K/W f_1 = 28,000 MHz; f_2 = 28,001 Mhz

OUTPUT POWER W	G _p dB	η _{dt} %	d ₃ dB ⁽¹⁾	d ₅ dB ⁽¹⁾	I _{C(ZS)} mA	
3 to 30 (P.E.P.)	typ. 19,5	typ. 35	typ. –33	typ36	25	

Note

1. Stated intermodulation distortion figures are referred to the according level of either of the equal amplified tones. Relative to the according peak envelope powers these figures should be increased by 6 dB.



HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85

List of components:

TR1 = TR2 = BD137

C1 = 100 pF air dielectric trimmer (single insulated rotor type)

C2 = 27 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C3 = 180 pF polystyrene capacitor

C4 = 100 pF air dielectric trimmer (single non-insulated rotor type)

C5 = C7 = 3,9 nF polyester capacitor

C6 = 2×270 pF polystyrene capacitors in parallel

C8 = C15 = C16 = 100 nF polyester capacitor

C9 = 2,2 μF moulded metallized polyester capacitor

C10 = 2×385 pF (sections in parallel) film dielectric trimmer

C11 = 68 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C12 = 2×82 pF ceramic capacitors in parallel (500 V)

C13 = 47 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)

C14 = 385 pF film dielectric trimmer

L1 = 88 nH; 3 turns Cu wire (1,0 mm); int. dia. 9 mm; length 6,1 mm; leads 2×5 mm

L2 = L5 = Ferroxcube choke coil (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)

L3 = 68 nH; 3 turns enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 8 mm; length 8,3 mm; leads 2×5 mm

L4 = 96 nH; 3 turns enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 10 mm; length 7,6 mm; leads 2×5 mm

R1 = $27 \Omega (\pm 5\%)$ carbon resistor (0,5 W)

R2 = 4,7 Ω (±5%) carbon resistor (0,25 W)

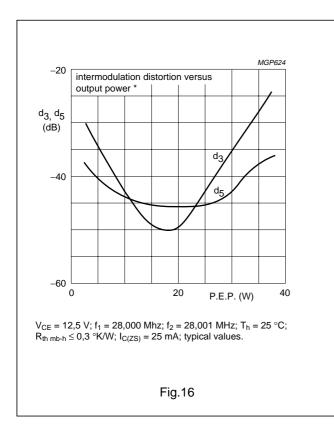
R3 = 1,5 k Ω (±5%) carbon resistor (0,5 W)

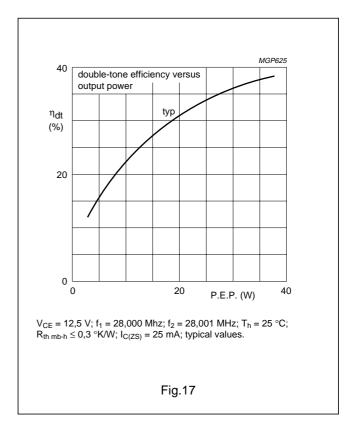
R4 = 10Ω wirewound potentiometer (3 W)

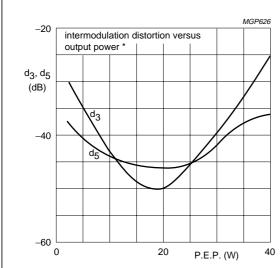
R5 = 47Ω wirewound resistor (5,5 W)

R6 = $150 \Omega (\pm 5\%)$ carbon resistor (0,25 W)

BLW85



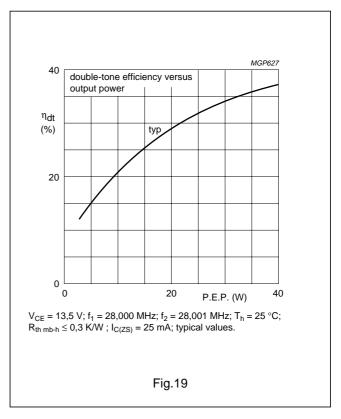




 V_{CE} = 13,5 V; f_1 = 28,000 MHz; f_2 = 28,001 MHz; T_h = 25 °C; $R_{th\;mb\text{-}h} \le$ 0,3 K/W ; $I_{C(ZS)}$ = 25 mA; typical values.

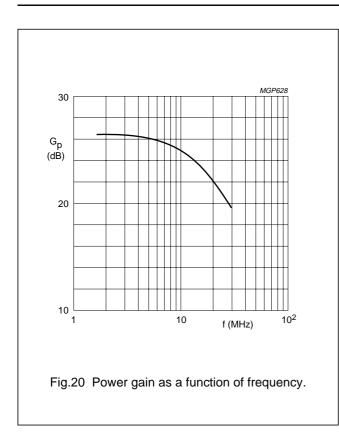
* Stated intermodulation distortion figures are referred to the according level of either of the equal amplified tones. Relative to the according peak envelope powers these figures should be increased by 6 dB.

Fig.18



HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85



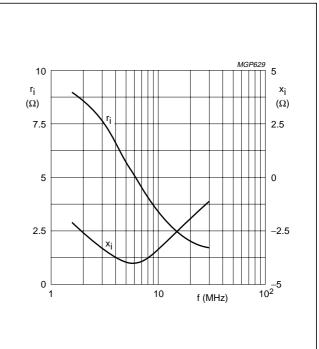


Fig.21 Input impedance (series components) as a function of frequency.

Fig. 20 and 21 are typical curves and hold for an unneutralized amplifier in s.s.b. class-AB operation.

Conditions:

 $V_{CE} = 12, 5 V$

 $P_L = 30 \text{ W (P.E.P.)}$

T_h = 25 °C

 $R_{th\ mb\text{-}h} \leq 0.3\ \text{K/W}$

 $I_{C(ZS)} = 25 \text{ mA}$

 $Z_L = 1.8 \Omega$

 $V_{CE} = 13, 5 V$

 $P_L = 35 \text{ W (P.E.P.)}$

T_h = 25 °C

 $R_{th\ mb\text{-}h} \leq 0.3\ K/W$

 $I_{C(ZS)} = 25 \text{ mA}$

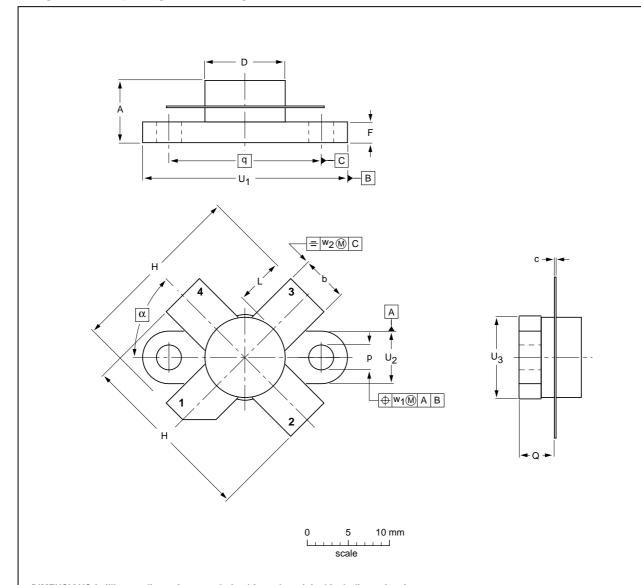
 $Z_L = 1.8 \Omega$

BLW85

PACKAGE OUTLINE

Flanged ceramic package; 2 mounting holes; 4 leads

SOT123A



${\color{red} \textbf{DIMENSIONS}} \ (\textbf{millimetre dimensions are derived from the original inch dimensions})$

UNIT	Α	b	С	D	D ₁	F	н	L	р	Q	q	U ₁	U ₂	U ₃	w ₁	w ₂	α
mm	7.47 6.37	5.82 5.56	0.18 0.10	9.73 9.47					3.33 3.04	4.63 4.11	18.42	25.15 24.38		9.78 9.39	0.51	1.02	45°
inches	0.294 0.251	0.229 0.219	0.007 0.004	0.383 0.373	0.397 0.371	0.107 0.091	0.815 0.785	0.221 0.203	0.131 0.120	0.182 0.162	0.725	0.99 0.96	0.26 0.24	0.385 0.370	0.02	0.04	40

OUTLINE		REFERENCES EUROPEAN ISSUE D				ISSUE DATE
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT123A						97-06-28

Product specification Philips Semiconductors

HF/VHF power transistor

BLW85

DEFINITIONS

Data Sheet Status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	

Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

March 1993 15