# N-P-N H.F. WIDEBAND TRANSISTOR

N-P-N transistor in TO-72 metal envelope with insulated electrodes and a shield lead connected to the case. The 2N918 is primarily intended for low power amplifiers and oscillators in the v.h.f. and u.h.f. ranges for industrial service.

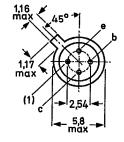
# **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

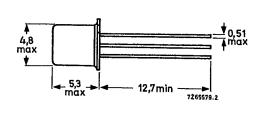
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V <sub>CBO</sub>	max.	30 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V <sub>CEO</sub>	max.	15 V
Collector current (d.c.)	lc	max.	50 mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25$ °C	P <sub>tot</sub>	max.	200 mW
Junction temperature	Tį	max.	200 °C
Transition frequency $I_C = 6 \text{ mA; } V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	f <del>r</del>	min.	900 MHz
Maximum unilateralized power gain IC = 6 mA; VCE = 12 V; f = 200 MHz	GUM	typ.	36 dB
Noise figure at f = 60 MHz $I_C$ = 1 mA; $V_{CE}$ = 6 V; $Z_S$ = 400 $\Omega$	F	max.	6,0 dB

### **MECHANICAL DATA**

Fig. 1 TO-72,

Dimensions in mm





(1) = shield lead (connected to case). Accessories: 56246 (distance disc).

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Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute I	Maximum Sys	tem (IEC 134)			
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)		V <sub>CBO</sub>	max.	30	٧
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	*	V <sub>CEO</sub>	max.	15	٧
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)		VEBO	max.	3	٧
Collector current (d.c.)		lc	max.	50	mΑ
Total power dissipation up to T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C		P <sub>tot</sub>	max.	200	mW
Storage temperature		$T_{stg}$	-65 to +	200	oC
Junction temperature		Тj	max.	200	oC
THERMAL RESISTANCE					
From junction to ambient in free air	-	R <sub>th j-a</sub>	=	880	K/W
From junction to case		R <sub>th</sub> i-c	=	580	K/W

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# **CHARACTERISTICS**

T <sub>j</sub> = 25 <sup>o</sup> C unless otherwise specified. All measurements taken with u	ngrounded sh	ield lead	I.	
Collector cut-off current				
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$	Ісво	max.	10	nΑ
$I_E = 0$ ; $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$	СВО	max.	1	μΑ
Saturation voltages	V			
$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ ; $I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>CEsat</sub>	max. max.	0,4	V
D.C. current gain	VBEsat	illax.	•	V
IC = 3 mA; VCF = 1 V	ham	min.	20	
Collector capacitance at f = 140 kHz	pEE	111111.	20	
I <sub>E</sub> = I <sub>e</sub> = 0; V <sub>CR</sub> = 10 V	C		17	F
IE = Ie = 0; VCB = 0	C <sub>C</sub>	max. max.	1,7 3.0	
Emitter capacitance at f = 140 kHz	OC.	max.	0,0	Ρı
I <sub>C</sub> = I <sub>c</sub> = 0; V <sub>FB</sub> = 0,5 V	Ce	max.	2,0	n <b>E</b>
Transition frequency	Oe	max,	2,0	рι
I <sub>C</sub> = 6 mA; V <sub>C</sub> F = 10 V*	$f_{\mathrm{T}}$	min.	ดกก	MHz
Noise figure at f = 60 MHz	'1		300	1411 12
$I_{C} = 1 \text{ mA; } V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V; } Z_{S} = 400 \Omega; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$	F	max.	6,0	ЧB
Oscillator power output at f = 500 MHz	•	max,	0,0	ub
-1 <sub>E</sub> = 8 mA; V <sub>CB</sub> = 15 V; T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C	Po	min.	30	mW
Maximum unilateralised power gain	٠٥		30	11144
$G_{UM} = \frac{ y_{fe} ^2}{4_{gie}g_{ge}}$				
4gie <sup>g</sup> oe				
$I_C = 6 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 12 \text{ V}$ ; $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$	GUM	typ.	36	dB
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<sup>\*</sup> JEDEC registration:  $I_C$  = 4 mA;  $V_{CE}$  = 10 V,  $f_T$  > 600 MHz.

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# **CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

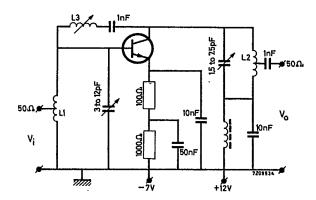
Available power gain at f = 200 MHz  $I_C$  = 6 mA;  $V_{CE}$  = 12 V;  $T_{amb}$  = 25  $^{o}C$ 

 $\mathsf{G}_\mathsf{p}$ 

min. 15 dB

Basic circuit for measuring the available neutralised power gain (Fig. 2)

Grounded shield lead



L1 = 3,5 turns tinned Cu wire, 1,3 mm d = 8 mm; length = 11 mm Tap at ≈ 2 turns from earth side

L2 = 8 turns tinned Cu wire, 1,3 mm d = 3 mm; length = 22 mm

Tap at 1 turn from earth side

 $L3 = 0.4 \text{ to } 0.65 \,\mu\text{H}$ 

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